

Data Sheet

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FN7376.2

6-Channel Clock Driver

intercil

The EL5001 is a 6-channel level shifting driver designed primarily for use as a clock driver in LTPS LCD displays. The EL5001 buffers and level shifts six logic level input signals. The six channels are grouped in to two sets, one of two channels and one of four channels. Each set can be configured in the inverting or non-inverting modes. Operating from 3.3V input logic, the output swing is set using two reference input pins. These pins can be up to 18V differential and are not buffered, so should therefore be bypassed effectively.

The EL5001 is designed to drive capacitive loads of 500pF with rise and fall times of just 20ns. A three-state pin is provided to set all outputs in to a high impedance mode. The ENABLE pin can be used to put the device in to a power save mode where the power consumption drops to just 3μ A.

The EL5001 is available in 20-pin QFN (4mm x 4mm) and HTSSOP packages. Both are specified for operation over the -40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

Features

- SIx inverting/non-inverting channels
- 3.3V input logic
- 18V output
- 250µA typical supply current
- · Drives up to 500pF
- $T_R/T_F = 35$ ns max
- · Disable function
- · 20-pin QFN (4mm x 4mm) and HTSSOP packages
- · Pb-free available (RoHS compliant)

Applications

- · LTPS LCD clock drivers
- CCD driving
- Level shifters

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PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	TAPE & REEL	PKG. DWG. #	PART NUM	MBER PACKAGE	TAPE & REEL	
EL5001IL	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm)	-	MDP0046	EL5001IRE	20-Pin HTSSOP	-	
EL5001IL-T7	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm)	7"	MDP0046	EL5001IRE-	-T7 20-Pin HTSSOP	7"	
EL5001IL-T13	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm)	13"	MDP0046	EL5001IRE-	-T13 20-Pin HTSSOP	13"	
EL5001ILZ (See Note)	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm) (Pb-Free)	-	MDP0046	EL5001IRE (See Note)	Z 20-Pin HTSSOP (Pb-Free)	-	
EL5001ILZ-T7 (See Note)	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm) (Pb-Free)	7"	MDP0046	EL5001IRE (See Note)	Z-T7 20-Pin HTSSOP (Pb-Free)	7"	
EL5001ILZ-T13 (See Note)	20-Pin QFN (4mm x 4mm) (Pb-Free)	13"	MDP0046	EL5001IRE (See Note)	Z-T13 20-Pin HTSSOP (Pb-Free)	13"	

NOTE: Intersil Pb-free products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020C.

CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures. 1-888-INTERSIL or 321-724-7143 | Intersil (and design) is a registered trademark of Intersil Americas Inc. Copyright © Intersil Americas Inc. 2004, 2005. All Rights Reserved. All other trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners.

Ordering Information









INV1 9 INV2 10 12 VL

11 NC

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C)

Supply Voltage between V _{SD} and GND	Maximum Die Temperature	+125°C
Maximum Continuous Output Current	Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Ambient Operating Temperature40°C to +85°C	Power Dissipation	See Curves

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J = T_C = T_A$

$\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{Electrical Specifications} \quad V_{H} = 10 \text{V}, \ V_{L} = -5 \text{V}, \ \text{EN} = 3 \text{V}, \ \text{unless otherwise specified}.$

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT					
POWER SUPPLY											
I _S	Supply Current	EN = 3V, IN _X = 0V		750	1200	μA					
		EN = 3V, IN _X = 3V		250	500	μA					
Is_DIS	Supply Current - Disabled	EN = 0V, IN _X = 0V		3		μA					
V _{LR}	V _L Range		-13		0	V					
V _{HR}	V _H Range		5		18	V					
V _H -V _L	Maximum V _H - V _L Range		0		18	V					
INPUT		· ·									
V _{IH}	Logic '1' Input Voltage		2.0			V					
IIH	Logic '1' Input Current			0.1	10	μA					
V _{IL}	Logic '0' Input Voltage				0.8	V					
IIL	Logic '0' Input Current			0.1	10	μA					
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			3.5		pF					
R _{IN}	Input Resistance			50		MΩ					
OUTPUT		· ·									
V _{OH}	V _{OUTL} High	IN _X = 10V, I _L = 10mA	9.80	9.88		V					
V _{OL}	V _{OUTL} Low	$IN_X = 0V, I_L = -10mA$		-4.90	-4.88	V					
R _{OH}	On Resistance V _H to OUT	I _L = 50mA		11	15	Ω					
R _{OL}	On Resistance V_L to OUT	I _L = 50mA		11	15	Ω					
IPEAK	Peak Output Current			500		mA					
۱L	Out Leakage Current			0.1	0.5	μA					
SWITCHING CH	IARACTERISTICS	· ·									
t _R	Rise Time	C _L = 500pF		20	35	ns					
t _F	Fall Time	C _L = 500pF		20	35	ns					
t _{RFD}	T _R , T _F Matching	C _L = 500pF		5		ns					
t _D +	Turn On Delay	C _L = 500pF		55		ns					
t _D -	Turn Off Delay	C _L = 500pF		55		ns					
t _{DD}	t _D +, t _D -, Matching	C _L = 500pF		5		ns					
t _{EN}	Enable Time		9.8			μs					
t _{DIS}	Disable Time		2.2			μs					

Typical Performance Curves



FIGURE 1. RISE TIME OUTPUT $6V_{\mbox{P-P}}$



FIGURE 3. RISE TIME OUTPUT 12VP-P







FIGURE 2. FALL TIME OUTPUT 6VP-P



FIGURE 4. FALL TIME OUTPUT 12VP-P



FIGURE 6. FALL TIME OUTPUT 5VP-P

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)





TIME (100ns/DIV)

FIGURE 9. TURN-OFF (TRI)



FIGURE 11. ENABLE/DISABLE THRESHOLD



FIGURE 8. ENABLE RESPONSE



TIME (100ns/DIV)

FIGURE 10. TURN-ON (TRI)



FIGURE 12. PROPAGATION DELAY

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



FIGURE 13. SKEW



FIGURE 15. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



FIGURE 17. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



FIGURE 14. INPUT CURRENT vs VOLTAGE



FIGURE 16. PACKAGE POWER DISSIPATION vs AMBIENT TEMPERATURE





EL5001 Test Board Circuit Layout



Block Diagram



Applications Information

The EL5001, a six channel high performance buffer, is directed primarily as a clock driver to LPTS LCD display applications. The six input channels are grouped into one group of four inputs and one group of two inputs each with a single pin (INV1 or INV2) to toggle the polarity from inverting to non-inverting. Each channel consists of a single N-channel low side driver and single P-channel high side driver. These 11 Ω devices pull the output to either the high or low voltage on V_H and V_L respectively, depending on the logic input signal.

A common 3-state pin is available that when activated will pull all 6-channel outputs to the high impedance state. Enable and disable pins turn shutdown both inputs and outputs. Timing plots for 3-state, enable, and disable functions are included in the characterization documentation.

The EL5001 is available in either a 20-pin HTSSOP or QFN (4mm x 4mm) packages to provide a choice for power dissipation considerations.

Supply Voltage and Input Compatibility

The EL5001 is designed to operate at a maximum potential range from 0V to 18V. Because the EL5001 does not contain a true analog switch, the positive supply must always be 4V higher than the negative supply.

All input pins are compatible with both 3V and 5V CMOS signals. With the positive supply set to V_S = 5V the EL5001 is compatible with TTL inputs.

Power Supply Bypassing

Due to the high switching currents generated by the EL5001 power supply bypassing is very important on both the positive and negative supplies. A 4.7 μ F tantalum capacitor can be used in parallel with a 0.1 μ F low-inductance ceramic MLC capacitor. As with all bypass components, these should be placed as close as possible to the supply pins. We also recommend the V_L and V_H pins have some level of bypassing especially when the device is driving highly capacitive loads.

Power Dissipation Calculation

When switching at high speeds, or driving heavy loads, the EL5001 drive capability is limited by the rise in die temperature brought about by internal power dissipation. For reliable operation die temperature must be kept below T_{JMAX} (125°C). It is necessary to calculate the power dissipation for a given application prior to selecting package type.

Power dissipation may be calculated:

$$PD = (V_{S} \times I_{S}) + \sum (C_{INT} \times V_{S}^{2} \times f) + (C_{L} \times V_{OUT}^{2} \times f)$$

where:

 V_S = Total power supply to the EL5001 (from V_S + to V_S -)

 V_{OUT} = Swing on the output ($V_{H} - V_{L}$)

C_L = Load capacitance

C_{INT} = Internal load capacitance (80pF max)

 I_S = Quiescent supply current (3mA max)

f = Frequency

Having obtained the application's power dissipation, the maximum junction temperature can be calculated:

$$\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{JMAX}} = \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{MAX}} + \Theta_{\mathsf{JA}} \times \mathsf{PD}$$

where:

T_{JMAX} = Maximum junction temperature (125°C)

T_{MAX} = Maximum ambient operating temperature

PD = Power dissipation calculated above

 θ_{JA} = Thermal resistance, junction to ambient, of the application (package + PCB combination)

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